

26 New Hires for the Jacobs School Hired in 2017

The Jacobs School of Engineering at UC San Diego has hired 26 new faculty members in 2017. The new hires include 15 full professors, 7 associate professors, and 4 assistant professors. The new hires are distributed across various departments, including Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering, Electrical and Computer Engineering, and Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering. The new hires will be joining the school in the fall of 2017.

[View the full list of new hires.](#)

IBM, UC San Diego Partner on AI for Healthy Living

IBM and UC San Diego have announced a partnership to develop artificial intelligence (AI) applications for healthy living. The partnership will focus on developing AI applications that can help people live healthier lives. The partnership will also focus on developing AI applications that can help people live longer lives. The partnership will also focus on developing AI applications that can help people live better lives.

[View the full article.](#)

Aerospace Pioneer Joins the Jacobs School

The Jacobs School of Engineering at UC San Diego has hired a new faculty member in the Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering. The new hire is a highly accomplished aerospace engineer and researcher. The new hire will be joining the school in the fall of 2017.

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Squid Ink, Nanotech and Dentistry

It's a small, but significant, step toward the development of a new class of dental materials that could revolutionize the way dentists repair teeth. The materials, which are made from a combination of squid ink and nanotechnology, are being developed by a team of researchers at the University of California, San Diego. The researchers have found that the materials are stronger and more durable than traditional dental materials, and they are also more biocompatible. This means that they are less likely to cause an allergic reaction or other complications. The researchers are currently testing the materials in animal models, and they hope to have human trials in the near future. If the materials are approved, they could be used to repair a wide range of dental problems, from cavities to broken teeth. The researchers are also exploring the possibility of using the materials to create new types of dental prosthetics. The materials are being developed by a team of researchers at the University of California, San Diego. The researchers have found that the materials are stronger and more durable than traditional dental materials, and they are also more biocompatible. This means that they are less likely to cause an allergic reaction or other complications. The researchers are currently testing the materials in animal models, and they hope to have human trials in the near future. If the materials are approved, they could be used to repair a wide range of dental problems, from cavities to broken teeth. The researchers are also exploring the possibility of using the materials to create new types of dental prosthetics.



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